

ut, while we rejoice to see an organization
which has long been subservient to church and

beginning to assert independence, and take a position more in harmony with its professed principles, we have no sympathy with the reasons assigned by a "Cass Democrat of Iowa" and tho-

and sordid. They may be snimmed up very easily: "We have served the Devil for nought, let us see whether it will *pay* to serve God. We have been defeated by an alliance with Slavery; let us regain ascendancy by resisting it." The leopard cannot change his spots. Though may be taught to lick the hand that feeds it, treacherous nature is unchanged.

of New York stand out against the reunion of the Democracy there, except on pro-slavery terms.* The masses of their followers will not sustain them in such a position, but, if the

on which is inscribed, No more Slave Terri-

...No more Slave States, the deserted leaders
and then have lost their power of mischief. Re-

employed, they can find no place in the regenerated organization, except as obscure privates. If they were to come over now, occupying the positions they do, they would at once assume lead-

and the old corrupt intrigues and tactics
dissensions would be revived. All that has
been gained for the last two years would be lost,
and the Democracy of New York would again be
nothing better than a strong ass bowing down

They took their ground against Slavery, on conviction, not spite, or party calculation; and maintained it when they knew that the

would be, loss of political power; they still maintain, though, by an unprincipled reunion with the supporters of General Cass, they might retain their party ascendancy, and divide the spoils of office. There is but one way, they hold, a Democrat to vote, and that is, for Freedom:

of Slavery not because he can make nothing of his party by alliance with Slavery; but because, by the principles of the Declaration of Independence, by the spirit of the age, by the laws of his nature, by his highest obligations to man and God, he is bound to seek the overthrow of Tyranny, and the universal establishment of freedom. In Wisconsin the Democratic party taken the same elevated position; and, when *Ohio Statesman* and similar journals in Ohio will be able to appreciate and inculcate such sentiments as these, it will challenge in Ohio, too, respect and confidence of all good men.

WE received a few days since the first evidence the substantive existence of the Territory of Minnesota. The record of Congressional proceedings showed indeed that such a Territory was organized on paper, and we saw its boundaries traced on the new map furnished from the General and Office. The newspapers, too, contained the announcement that, after one or two unsuccessful attempts to furnish it a Governor, one had at last been found, and he was on his way to look after the timber and Indians about the Upper Mississippi. But the first distinct idea of the *real* existence of the new Territory, was awakened by

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is printed with remarkable neatness, on good paper, of a size rather less than that of the *Baltimore Sun*. It has the true American news-

physiognomy—a pretty poem at the top of the first column, fourth page—a due proportion of miscellaneous selections for the family—seven columns of advertisements—editorials, news, and a *Local* head!—St. PAUL, of course, is not without its interesting local items.

The *Register* catches every party spirit—hopes parties will not be drawn, till the People have laid the proper foundations for the new sovereignty. True, the wilderness is all around it, but, with American faith in the prolific power of everything in the New World, it is for looking to the forests of the “unborn millions” who are to bring up like grass about the Father of Waters, and to this day, this day, this day, with,

highly responsible. "The duty we are called on to discharge," it says, "is the most important and solemn that can engage the attention of mankind. It is a duty transcending all others— a duty which, more than all others, reaches on from the present to the far distant future—a duty upon which hangs much of the weal or woe of unborn millions. This duty is nothing less than the construction of a Political Government—the establishment of a Commonwealth—the upbuilding of an Empire."

That is the way to talk. Pioneers with this faith and this spirit, looking upon themselves as progenitors of millions, and the builders of an empire, are not to be despised. The *Register* says that last summer the arrivals on steamboats at St. Paul and Stillwater amounted nearly one hundred, and that several packets regularly between the Territory and Galena and St. Louis. Persons wishing to visit the new

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"Those who may seek our boundaries, with a view to citizenship, will be agreeably surprised by the excellent tone of society. Michigan, Wisconsin, New York, and even Maine, have their representatives in the population, over whom Con-

HUNGARY TO BE RECONQUERED.—The Magyar army has moved forward from its position at the frontier. Large numbers of public men have been transferred to Ofen. Károlyi has invited the Hungarian Delegation to meet in Budapest. The Emperor's army has lost some of its momentum in the Hungarian campaign, one-third of its communications having been cut off. The Emperor's army is rumored, just now, that Prince Windischgratz has beaten near Pesth, and that the Emperor's army has been ordered to retreat. The Minister of National Bank, Mr. Reuter, who was Deputy Mayor of Frankfurt, has been elected Mayor of Frankfurt, for his bearing voted in favor of the King of Prussia.

WAR WITH RUSSIA.—Despatches have been received from Constantinople from Buchary, which state that General Mouravieff had arrived in Persia, with 24,000 men, and another force of 16,000 men were sent to occupy the building barracks for his troops in the neighborhood of that city. We are also informed that the Russian Government has ordered the

and last track they have had or ever will have." They were taken to their owners' place where "ALL ME" have been "created equal."

Washington, April 24, 1849.

WORDSWORTH ESCAPE OF A SLAVE.—A few days since a slave in a Southern city was taken in a correspondence with a gentleman in a Northern city, with a view of effecting an escape from the South. The gentleman offered to give him, for his passage, some \$50 to box him up, and mark "This side up, with care," and take him to New York, and from there to his friends in the North. On the passage, being on board steamboat, he was accidentally turned head downwards, and he was obliged to strike his head. At the next change of tide, upon which, however, he was turned right side up again, he was found dead. He was taken to his destination. On receiving the box, the gentleman had doubts whether he should find a dead man, or a living one. He opened the box, and the question, "All right?" was and delightfully answered the response, "All right, and thank you very much," from the gentleman.

Our Free Soil vote for Van Buren was known, was about 10,000, or nearly one fourth of the whole vote. The Free Soil party early in 1840 with 528. Our vote have been larger last fall, had not the vote been so much divided. It was the cry of "Tayler and Free Soil" & "Cass Soil." The Democratic and Whig candidates were everywhere, and they were themselves everywhere to go strenuously territory. Some of the ablest advocates of the Free Soil cause were present, and that his position was for Free Soil more than that of Mr. Van Buren. All the friends of the Free Soil cause were representing the extension of slavery by the Proviso; while Gen. Cass held that Congress had no power to extend the extension of slavery by extended without positive legislation. Gen. Cass must be the safest course.

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